

# Legislative Proposal Relating to Formula Products and Foods Intended for Infants and Young Children under the Age of 36 Months in Hong Kong

## Definition of nutrients

2nd Technical Meeting with Trade  
15 March 2013

# The Definition of Nutrients

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- The definition of nutrients are based on the following Codex Standards:
  - Standard for Infant Formula and Formulas for Special Medical Purposes Intended for Infants (Codex Stan 72-1981);
  - Codex Standard for Follow-up Formula (Codex Stan 156-1987);
  - Codex Standard for Processed Cereal-Based Foods for Infants and Young Children (Codex Stan 74-1981); and
  - Recommended Methods of Analysis and Sampling (Codex Stan 237-1999)

# Essential Compositions

Nutrients [Expressed in g/100kcal or g/100kJ]	Infant Formula	Follow-up Formula
Energy Content [Expressed in kJ/100mL or kcal/100mL]	Calories by calculation	Calories by calculation [Not specified in <b>CODEX STAN 156-1987</b> ]
Protein	Conversion Factor: N x 6.25 <b>(N x 6.38 for other milk product or N x 5.71 for soy product)</b>	As infant formula [Not specified in <b>CODEX STAN 156-1987</b> ]
Carbohydrates	Total carbohydrates (Determinate by difference)	Available carbohydrates

# Essential Compositions

Nutrients [Expressed in g/100kcal or g/100kJ]	Infant Formula	Follow-up Formula
<b>Lipids</b>	<b>Total fat</b>  <b>Lauric and myristic acids ≤ 20% of total fatty acids</b> <b>Trans fat ≤ 3% of total fatty acids</b> <b>Erucic acid ≤ 1% of total fatty acids</b> <b>Total Phospholipids ≤ 300 mg/100 kcal or 72 mg/100 kJ</b>	<b>Fat</b>
<b>Linoleic acid</b>	<b>Linoleic acid</b>	<b>Linoleic acid</b> (In form of glyceride)
<b>α-linolenic acid</b>	<b>α-linolenic acid</b>  <b>Ratio of linoleic acid/α-linolenic acid: Between 5:1 and 15:1</b>	N.A.

# Vitamins

Nutrient	Infant Formula	Follow-up Formula
<b>Vitamin A</b>	<p><b>all-trans-retinol and 13-cis-retinol</b></p> <p>Any contents of carotenoids should not be included in the calculation and declaration of vitamin A activity.</p> <p>Conversion factor:  <math>1 \mu\text{g RE} = 1 \mu\text{g all-trans retinol}</math></p> <p>Expressed in <math>\mu\text{g RE}/100\text{kcal}</math> or <math>\mu\text{g RE}/100\text{kJ}</math> as retinol equivalents (RE)</p>	<p><b>all-trans-retinol and 13-cis-retinol</b></p> <p><b>Conversion factor:</b>  <math>1 \mu\text{g RE} = 3.33 \text{ IU Vitamin A} = 1 \mu\text{g all-trans retinol}</math></p> <p>Expressed in I.U./ 100 available kcal or I.U./ 100 available kJ or <math>\mu\text{g} / 100</math> available kcal or <math>\mu\text{g} / 100</math> available kJ as retinol</p>

# Vitamins

Nutrient	Infant Formula	Follow-up Formula
<b>Vitamin D</b>	<b>Vitamin D3</b> (Cholecalciferol)  Conversion factor: 1 $\mu$ g calciferol = 40 IU vitamin D  Expressed in $\mu$ g/100kcal or $\mu$ g/100kJ	<b>Vitamin D (D2 and D3)</b>  <b>Conversion factor:</b> <b>1 <math>\mu</math>g calciferol = 40 IU vitamin D</b>  Expressed in I.U./ 100 available kcal or I.U./ 100 available kJ or $\mu$ g / 100 available kcal or $\mu$ g / 100 available kJ
<b>Vitamin K</b>	<b>Vitamin K1</b>  Expressed in $\mu$ g/100kcal or $\mu$ g/100kJ	<b>Vitamin K1</b>  Expressed in $\mu$ g / 100 available kcal or $\mu$ g / 100 available kJ

# Vitamins

Nutrient	Infant Formula	Follow-up Formula
<b>Vitamin E</b>	<p>Alpha-tocopherol equivalent (<math>\alpha</math>-TE )            1 mg <math>\alpha</math>-TE = 1 mg d-<math>\alpha</math>-tocopherol</p> <p><b>Vitamin E content <math>\geq</math> 0.5 mg <math>\alpha</math>-TE per g PUFA</b></p> <p>using the following factors of equivalence to adapt the minimal vitamin E content to the number of fatty acid double bonds in the formula: 0.5 mg <math>\alpha</math>-TE/g linoleic acid (18:2 n-6); 0.75 mg <math>\alpha</math>-TE/g <math>\alpha</math>-linolenic acid (18:3 n-3); 1.0 mg <math>\alpha</math>-TE/g arachidonic acid (20:4 n-6); 1.25 mg <math>\alpha</math>-TE/g eicosapentaenoic acid (20:5 n-3); 1.5 mg <math>\alpha</math>-TE/g docosahexaenoic acid (22:6 n-3)</p> <p>Expressed as mg <math>\alpha</math>-TE /100kcal or mg <math>\alpha</math>-TE /100kJ</p>	<p><math>\alpha</math>-tocopherol compounds</p> <p><b>Conversion factors*:</b>  <math>\mu</math>g <math>\alpha</math>-TE = 0.67 x I.U.  <b>Vitamin E (natural)</b>  <math>\mu</math>g <math>\alpha</math>-TE = 0.45 x I.U.  <b>Vitamin E (synthetic)</b></p> <p>Expressed as I.U./g linoleic acid or I.U./100 available kcal or I.U./100 available kJ</p>

Note: \*FAO/INFOODS Guidelines for Converting Units, Denominators and Expressions Version 1.0, FAO, Rome, 2012.

# Vitamins

<b>Nutrient</b> [Expressed in $\mu\text{g}/100\text{kcal}$ or $\mu\text{g}/100\text{kJ}$ ]	<b>Infant Formula</b>	<b>Follow-up Formula</b>
<b>Vitamin B1</b>	<b>Thiamin</b>	<b>Thiamin</b>
<b>Vitamin B2</b>	<b>Riboflavin</b>	<b>Riboflavin</b>
<b>Vitamin B3</b>	<b>Preformed niacin</b> (nicotinic acid + nicotinamide)	<b>Nicotinamide</b>



# Vitamins

Nutrient [Expressed in µg/100kcal or µg/100kJ ]	Infant Formula	Follow-up Formula
<b>Vitamin B6</b>	Pyridoxine, pyridoxal and pyridoxamine	Pyridoxine, pyridoxal and pyridoxamine  <b>Vitamin B6 &gt; 15ug/g protein</b>
<b>Vitamin B5</b>	Pantothenic acid	Pantothenic acid
<b>Vitamin B9</b>	Folic acid	Folic acid

# Vitamins

Nutrient [Expressed in µg/100kcal or µg/100kJ ]	Infant Formula	Follow-up Formula
<b>Vitamin B12</b>	Total vitamin B12 as cyanocobalamin	<b>Vitamin B12</b>
<b>Vitamin C</b>	Ascorbic acid and dehydroascorbic acid Expressed as ascorbic acid	<b>Ascorbic acid (Vitamin C)</b>
<b>Biotin</b>	d-biotin and d-biocyin	<b>Biotin (Vitamin H)</b>

# Minerals and Trace Elements

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- Iron
  - Calcium
  - Phosphorus
  - Magnesium
  - Sodium
  - Chloride
  - Potassium
  - Manganese (Infant-Formula Only)
  - Iodine
  - Selenium (Infant-Formula Only)
  - Copper (Infant-Formula Only)
  - Zinc
- Expressed in mg/100kcal or mg/100kJ
- **Calcium/Phosphorus Ratio for Infant-Formula and Follow-up Formula  
Min. (1:1) and Max. (2:1)**

# Other Substances (Infant Formula Only)

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- Choline
- Myo-Inositol
- L-Carnitine

□ [ Expressed in mg/100kcal or mg/100kJ ]

# Processed Cereal-based Foods for Infants and Young Children (CODEX STAN 74-1981)

Nutrients [Expressed in g/100kcal or g/100kJ]	Processed Cereal-based Foods for Infants and Young Children
<b>Energy Content</b>	Energy Density ( <b>Calories by calculation</b> ) Expressed in kJ/g or kcal/g
<b>Protein</b>	Conversion factor: N x 6.25
<b>Carbohydrates</b>	<b>Available carbohydrates</b> [Not specified in <b>CODEX STAN 74-1981</b> ]

# Processed Cereal-based Foods for Infants and Young Children (CODEX STAN 74-1981)

Nutrients [Expressed in g/100kcal or g/100kJ]	Processed Cereal-based Foods for Infants and Young Children
<b>Lipids</b>	<p>Lipids</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❑ The amount of linoleic acid (in the form of triglycerides=linoleates) shall not be less than 70 mg/100 kJ (300 mg/100 kcal) and shall not exceed 285 mg/100 kJ (1200 mg/100 kcal)</li> <li>❑ the amount of lauric acid shall not exceed 15% of the total lipid content</li> <li>❑ the amount of myristic acid shall not exceed 15% of the total lipid content</li> </ul>

# Processed Cereal-based Foods for Infants and Young Children (CODEX STAN 74-1981)

Nutrients [Expressed in µg/100kcal or µg/100kJ]	Processed Cereal-based Foods for Infants and Young Children
<b>Vitamin A</b>	all-trans-retinol and 13-cis-retinol Expressed in µg/100kcal or µg/100kJ as retinol equivalents
<b>Vitamin D</b>	Vitamin D <b>(D2 and D3)</b>
<b>Vitamin B1</b>	Vitamin B1 (Thiamin)
<b>Calcium</b>	Calcium
<b>Sodium</b>	Sodium

# Thank You