### Reducing the Use of Aluminium-containing Food Additives











#### **Trade Consultation Forum**

食物環境衞生署 Food and Environmental Hygiene Department 28.2.2014



#### Content

- Local studies on aluminium in food
- Guidelines on the Use of Aluminiumcontaining Food Additives and communications with Trade
- Regulatory control on aluminiumcontaining food additives





#### **Local Studies on Aluminium in Food (1)**

- CFS released the report of a Risk Assessment Study on Aluminium in Food in May 2009
- Summary of study findings
  - Aluminium-containing food additives are widely used in the production of steamed bread/bun/cake, some bakery products and jellyfish
  - The average adult\* dietary exposure to aluminium was estimated to be 0.60 mg/kg bw/week

\*Assuming adult body weight was 60kg











#### **Aluminium Content in Food**

Food groups	No. of samples taken	Mean aluminium level (mg/kg) [range]
(i) Bakery product	97	
◆Bread /roll	15	5 [1 – 28]
◆Tart other than coconut tart	16	12 [1 – 87]
◆Cookies/biscuits	15	16 [1 – 88]
◆Chinese pastry	10	33 [1 – 180]
<ul><li>Doughnut</li></ul>	5	59 [1 – 160]
<b>◆</b> Cake	15	91 [1 – 220]
◆Coconut Tart	6	120 [65 – 180]
◆Pancake / Waffle	10	160 [1 – 710]
◆Muffin	5	250 [6 – 510]

#### **Aluminium Content in Food**

Food groups	No. of samples taken	Mean aluminium level (mg/kg) [range]
(ii) Steamed bread/bun/cake	61	
<ul><li>Steamed bread (without filling)</li></ul>	14	100 [3 – 230]
<ul><li>Steamed bun (with filling)</li></ul>	36	130 [4 – 270]
•Steamed cake	11	320 [200 – 570]
(iii) Jellyfish (ready-to-eat form)	15	1200 [400 – 1800]
(iv) Snack including fried snack product	30	
*Leavening products	15	20 [1 – 110]
*Deep fried dough	15	46 [2 – 330]



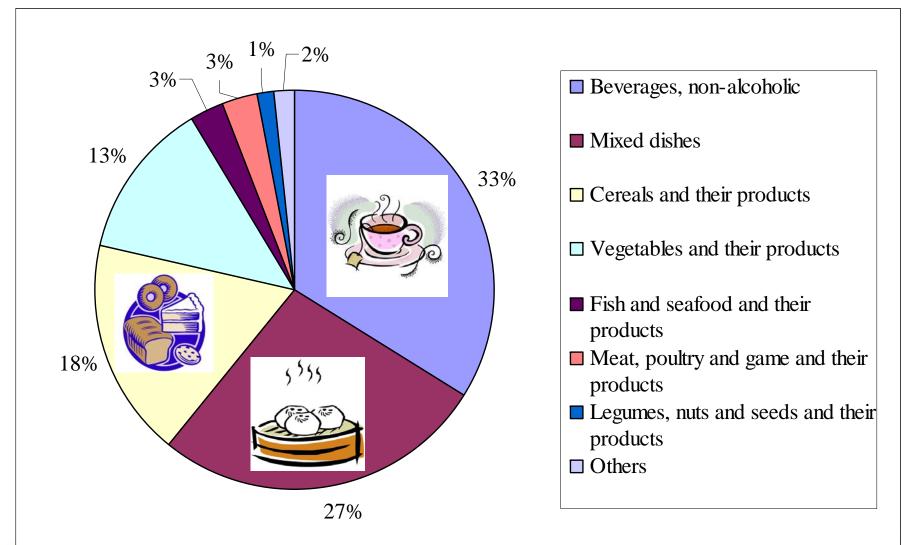


#### **Local Studies on Aluminium in Food (2)**

- CFS released the 5<sup>th</sup> report of Total Diet Study on Metallic Contaminants in Food in Jan 2013
- Summary of study findings
  - Food group with the highest mean aluminium content detected was "Cereals and their products"
  - The dietary exposures to aluminium among average and high consumers were estimated to be 0.60 mg/kg bw/week (30% PTWI\*) and 1.5 mg/kg bw/week (77% PTWI), respectively

\* Provisional Tolerable Weekly Intake (PTWI) for aluminium was established by JECFA in 2011 at 2.0 mg/kg bw/week

#### **Major Food Contributors to Aluminium Exposure**







## Some Food Items Remained High in Aluminium Content

Food Items	Mean (mg/kg)	Range (mg/kg)
1. Deep fried dough		
RA Study (2009) (15 samples)	46	2-330
TDS (2013) (4 samples)	250	50-450
2. Steamed barbecued pork bun		
RA Study (2009) (5 samples)	150	37-220
TDS (2013) (4 samples)	170	110-240
2/		96

#### **Local Studies on Aluminium in Food**

#### Conclusion

- Unlikely to cause adverse health effect of aluminium for the general population
- Cannot rule out adverse health effect of aluminium for some population subgroup who regularly consume foods added with aluminium-containing food additive such as steamed bread/bun/cake, bakery products and jellyfish
- Efforts should be made to reduce exposure to aluminium to protect public health



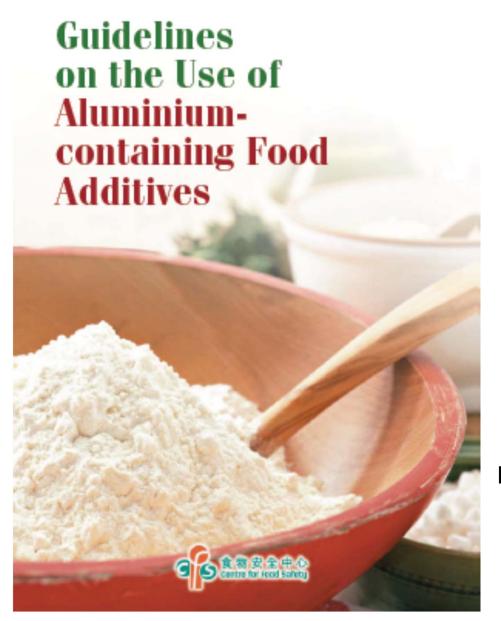


### Working with the Trade to reduce exposure to aluminium for the public

- A Working Group has been set up
  - To establish Guidelines for Traders' reference
  - Comprising representatives from the Trade and Academia
- Collect Traders' feedback on the draft Trade Guidelines via Trade Consultation Forum and CFS website
- Issued Trade Guidelines in June 2009







Released in June 2009





#### Guidelines on the Use of Aluminiumcontaining Food Additives

Applicable to all manufacturers and producers (including restaurants and bakeries)

#### **Basic Principles**

#### **Principle 1:**

 The use of aluminium-containing food additives should be reduced or replaced with other alternatives in preparing food as far as possible



#### Guidelines on the Use of Aluminiumcontaining Food Additives

#### **Basic Principles**

#### **Principle 2:**

 Alternative techniques for food processing should be developed to reduce the use of aluminium-containing food additives





## Communicating with the Trade on Aluminium and Aluminium-containing Food Additives

Year	Channels
2009	15 <sup>th</sup> , 16 <sup>th</sup> & 17 <sup>th</sup> Trade Consultation Forum
	Food Safety Express distributed to all licensed food premises
	Food Safety Focus uploaded in CFS website
2012	37 <sup>th</sup> Trade Consultation Forum
2013	38 <sup>th</sup> Trade Consultation Forum
	Food Safety Seminar for Trade 2013





# Communicating with the Trade on Aluminium and Aluminium-containing Food Additives

- Some Traders have actively adopted relevant measures and re-formulated their products
  - Some products can be produced without aluminiumcontaining food additives and have been released into the market successfully





#### Regulatory Control on Aluminiumcontaining Food Additives

#### **Update on Codex Latest Development**

 In response to the latest revision of PTWI for aluminium to 2 mg/kg bw by JECFA (2011), there was a need to review the provisions for aluminium-containing food additives in the GSFA to ensure that their maximum use levels are compatible with the PTWI

#### Codex Committee on Food Additives

- Only numerical maximum levels (MLs) (expressed as aluminium basis) are set for aluminium-containing food additives
- Revoked provisions and discontinued work on draft provisions for some aluminium-containing food additives
  - MLs have been lowered for some aluminium-containing food additives

#### Regulatory Control on Aluminiumcontaining Food Additives

#### **Situation in HK**

- Public Health and Municipal Services
  Ordinance
  - All food for sale in HK must be fit for human consumption
- No specific standards have been set for the use and use level of aluminiumcontaining food additives





#### Regulatory Control on Aluminiumcontaining Food Additives

#### **Situation in HK**

- Food and Drugs (Composition and Labelling) Regulations
  - If a prepackaged food contains a food additive including aluminium-containing food additive, such additive should be specified on the label accurately in the prescribed manner stipulated in the Regulations
    - List out the specific name or INS number, and functional class of the food additives being used





#### **More Information**

- Risk Assessment Study on Aluminium in Food
  - http://www.cfs.gov.hk/english/programme/programme\_rafs/programme\_rafs\_fa\_01\_06.html
- Total Diet Study Report on Metallic Contaminants
  - http://www.cfs.gov.hk/english/programme/programme\_firm/programme\_tds\_1st\_HKTDS\_report5\_
    Metallic\_Contaminants.html





#### **More Information**

- Guidelines on the Use of Aluminium-containing Food Additives
  - http://www.cfs.gov.hk/english/programme/progra mme\_rafs/files/Guidelines\_on\_the\_use\_of\_Al\_add itives\_e.pdf
- Codex General Standard for Food Additives (GSFA)
  - http://www.codexalimentarius.org/standards/gsfaonline-food-additives/en/





#### Thank you



