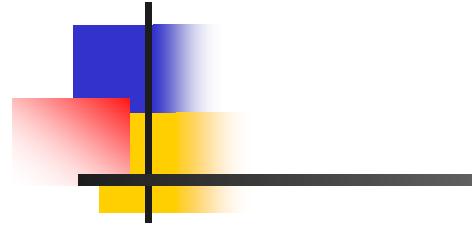
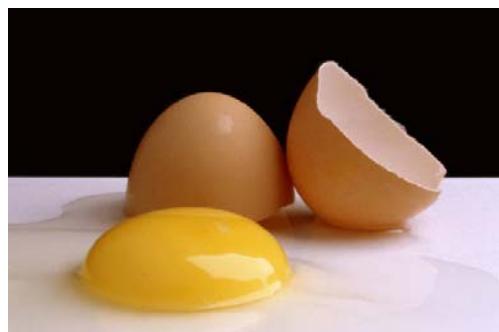


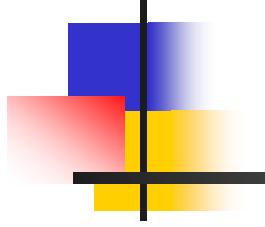
規管進口 禽蛋的草擬規例



2014年 香港共進口約22億隻禽蛋

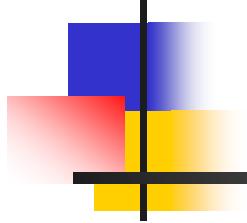


- 中國內地 (53%)
- 美國 (23%)
- 泰國 (10%)
- 馬來西亞 (7%)
- 烏克蘭 (2%)
- 其他地區 (5%)



規管進口禽蛋的原因

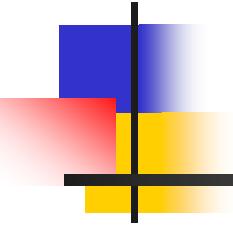
- 禽流感的威脅
- 世界動物衛生組織建議進口禽蛋必須附有來源地簽發的衛生證明書



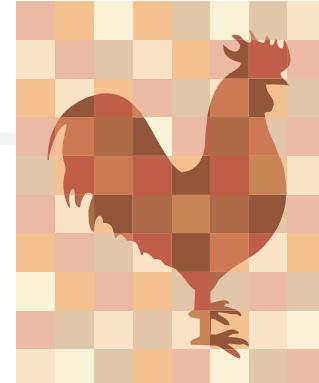
諮詢會

- 食物安全中心曾於2007年，
2010年及2011年就禽蛋進口的
監管機制舉行諮詢會，聽取業
界的意見和觀點
- 業界普遍表示支持

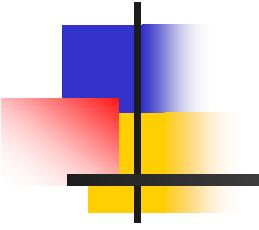




草擬規例



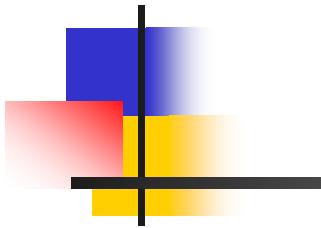
修改現行的《進口野味、肉類及家禽規例》（第132AK）章，加入規管禽蛋進口
條款



草擬規例

條例規管範圍包括：

- 供人食用的禽蛋
- 鹹蛋及醃製的蛋、經加工處理的蛋
- 液體的蛋
- 冷藏的蛋
- 蛋粉



禽蛋



WHITE

DUCK

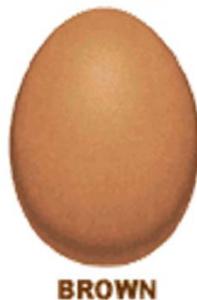
GOOSE



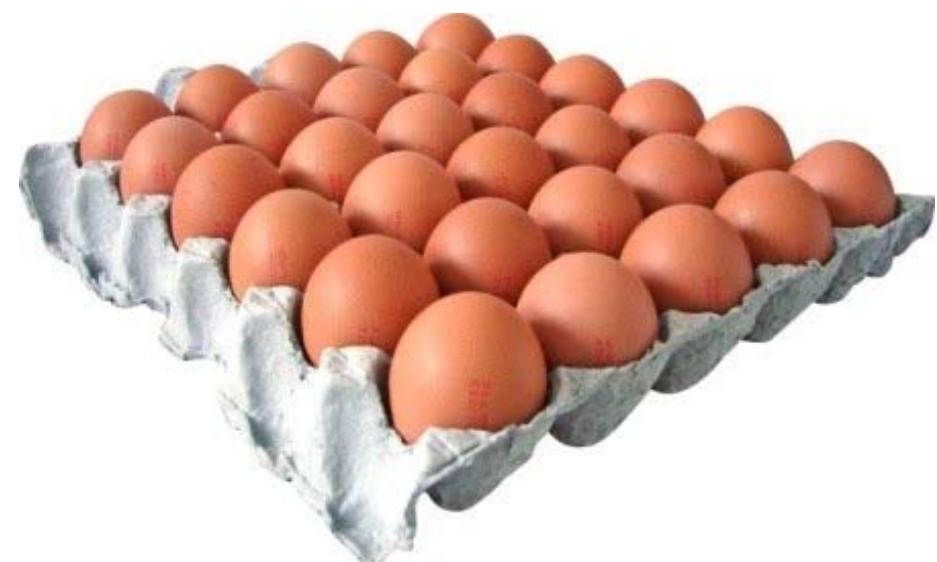
QUAIL

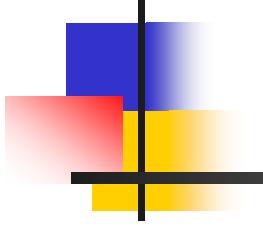


PHEASANT



BROWN





鹹蛋及醃製的蛋



液體的蛋/混合其他配料的蛋

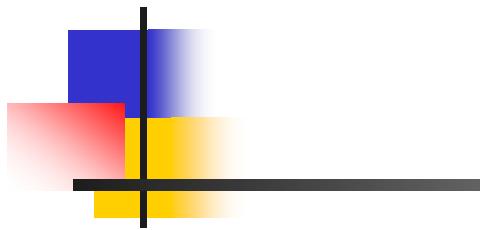


EGG YOLK

Our pasteurized liquid egg products are high quality product, manufactured at modern and highly automated production facility.

They deliver the same taste and performance as shell eggs, whilst saving you time and effort.

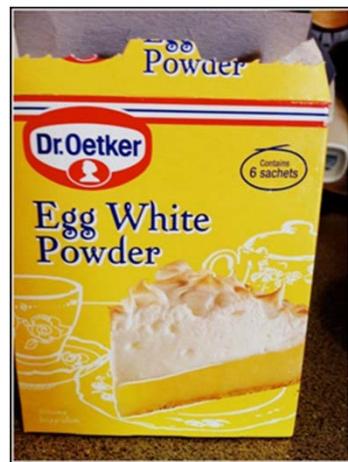
It is very convenient and cost-effective, highly suitable for use as an alternative to fresh eggs in commercial food manufacturing and services industries such as biscuits factory, bakeries, hotels, restaurants and catering businesses.

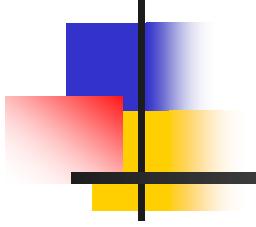


冷藏的蛋/混合其他配料的蛋



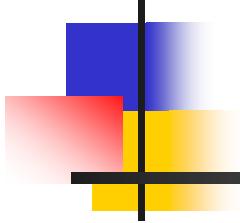
蛋粉/混合其他配料的蛋





草擬規例

- 事先向食環署申領進口禽蛋批准
- 每批次進口禽蛋必須附有來源地簽發的衛生證明書，證明禽蛋適宜供人食用

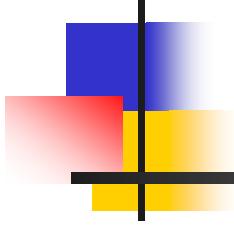


工作進度



現正積極籌備立法工作

預計於2015年完成



謝 謝