Proposed import control measures on Japanese food

5.6.2018





Review on import control on Japanese food

- Prime consideration: safeguard food safety
- Factors considered :
 - Local surveillance results
 - Assessments of international expert organizations
 - Surveillance results of the Japanese Government
 - Latest position of other economies' import control over Japanese food
 - Public concern





Current and proposed import restrictions on Japanese food

Prefecture	Food products	Current import restrictions	Proposed import restrictions
Fukushima	Vegetables, fruits, milk and		1001110110110
	milk beverages, and dried		
	milk		
		Allowed to be imported if accompanied wit	
	meat and poultry, poultry	radiation certificate	
	eggs, and live, chilled or	(no change)	
	frozen aquatic products		
Chiba,	Vegetables, fruits, milk and	Banned	(proposed arrangement)
Gunma,	milk beverages, and dried		Allowed to be imported on
Ibaraki	milk		the conditions that they are
and			accompanied with:
Tochigi			(a) exporter certificate; and
			(b) radiation certificate
	Chilled or frozen game,	Allowed to be im	ported if accompanied with
	meat and poultry, poultry		
	eggs, and live, chilled or		
	frozen aquatic products		



Double gatekeeping to safeguard food safety under proposed arrangement

- Two levels of gatekeeping can effectively safeguard food safety
- Export control of the Japanese Government :
 - Ensure every consignment of concerned food come from Ibaraki, Tochigi, Chiba or Gunma, and NOT Fukushima
 - Certifying radiation levels of subject food do not exceed the Codex Alimentarius Commission's standards and the more stringent Japanese standards
- Import control of the Centre for Food Safety :
 - Continue to conduct radiation test on every consignment of imported Japanese food
 - Importers need to wait for the Centre for Food Safety to conduct radiation test on every consignment of imported Japanese food before sale at the market.
 - Strengthening sampling of vegetables, fruits and milk products from the abovementioned four prefectures for testing radiation levels
- The Centre for Food Safety will strengthen communication with the Japanese Government in exchange of information and intelligence.





Radiation level standards of the Codex Alimentarius Commission and more stringent Japanese standards

Radioactive Caesium (Cs) (aggregate of Cs-134 and Cs-137) :

Food Type	Japanese standard (effected on 1.4.2012)	The Codex Alimentarius Commission's standards
General food	100 Bq/kg	1 000 Bq/kg
Milk	50 Bq/kg	1 000 Bq/kg
Food for infant and young children	50 Bq/kg	1 000 Bq/kg





Labelling of Japanese vegetables and fruits

 Encourage the trade to keep original label of Japanese food, or provide information of the originating prefecture upon repackaging to facilitate checking by the customers







Thank you



